Please, Thank You, and You’re Welcome! (10 pts.)

*(the magic words, in any language)*

When you make new acquaintances, and even new friends, in your host country, it is important that you treat **everyone** you meet with respect and courtesy, in order to establish a good rapport (huh?) and to make a good impression as an American in your host country.

Here is your task:

**First, log on to: www.survivalphrases.com**

**Second, select the language of your culture.**

**Third, find the lesson for “Getting What You Want” or search for “Please,” etc. (Lesson #1)**

**Then, download the PDF file to read to complete this worksheet below for homework. Copy and paste the worksheet onto a new Word document, and complete the questions. When finished with your worksheet, save it as “PleaseLastname” and save it to your flash drive. Upload it to the Wiki.**

**Finally, you need to complete the Audio recording file in class. See your Audio Recording File Instruction sheet for information as to how to record and upload an audio file.**

**So let’s get to the worksheet! Answer the following questions. Don’t forget to upload both your worksheet and your audio file to the WIKI when finished!**

1. How do you say “Please” in your host culture?

qǐng

2. Are there any other ways to say “Please”? When are they used? List them here:

Qǐng gěi wǒ. (Please give me.)

Qǐng gěi wǒ zhège. (Please give me this.)

Qǐng gěi wǒ nàge. (Please give me that.)

3. Are there any special situations where the word or phrase for “Please” can be used? (hint: check for “Quick Tips”)

To convey what you want use body language while saying please. Also when asking for something or shopping where there are no price tags be sure to haggle over the price.

***(continue on to do the lesson on “Thank you.”) ↓***

**Find the lesson for “Thank you.” (Lesson #2)**

**Then, download the PDF file to read to complete this worksheet below for homework. Copy and paste the worksheet onto a new Word document, and complete the questions. When finished with your worksheet, save it as “ThankYouLastname” and save it to your flash drive. Upload it to the Wiki.**

**Finally, you need to complete the Audio recording file in class. See your Audio Recording File Instruction sheet for information as to how to record and upload an audio file.**

**So let’s get to the worksheet! Answer the following questions. Don’t forget to upload both your worksheet and your audio file to the WIKI when finished!**

1. What is the expression for “Thank you.” In your host culture?

Xiè xie.

2. Name at least three situations where you should respond with “Thank you” in your host culture:

When a waiter pours you a drink, after you bought something, and if someone picks something you dropped up for you.

3. Are there any other special expressions for special situations? What are they? For example, are there sometimes when you need to be more respectful? Does it depend upon whether you know the person or not?

Another way to say thank you in a more polite way is to say Wǒ hěn gǎn xiè, which means I am very thankful, or thank you so much. When you need to be more respectful you can say Xiè xie nin, this is the formal way of saying thank you, you do not need to know the person.

4. How do you express a degree of thankfulness in your host culture (for example, “Thank you very much!)?

To say thank you very much the phrase is Duō xiè. Another say I am am very thankful or thank you so much is to say Wǒ hěn gǎn xiè.

***(continue on to do the lesson on “You’re welcome!”) ↓***

**Find the lesson for “You’re welcome!” (Lesson #3)**

**Then, download the PDF file to read to complete this worksheet below for homework. Copy and paste the worksheet onto a new Word document, and complete the questions. When finished with your worksheet, save it as “You’reWelcomeLastname” and save it to your flash drive. Upload it to the Wiki.**

**Finally, you need to complete the Audio recording file in class. See your Audio Recording File Instruction sheet for information as to how to record and upload an audio file.**

**So let’s get to the worksheet! Answer the following questions. Don’t forget to upload both your worksheet and your audio file to the WIKI when finished!**

1. Is there a universal (appropriate for all situations) way to say “You’re welcome!” in your host country? What is it?

To say you’re welcome the phrases is Bú yòng xiè.

What are some of the situations where you can use it? (hint: check “Quick Tips”)

Since it means literally no need for thanks an example of when you can use it is when you pick up

something for someone, you can say the phrase Bú yòng xiè.

2. Is there a more formal way to say “You’re welcome!” in your host country? What is it?

No there is not a formal way to say you’re welcome.

3. What are any other ways to say “You’re welcome!”?

The other ways to say you’re welcome are Bú kèqì which literally means don’t be polite. Méi shì which means its nothing.

***(Looking ahead: Your next lesson will be on how to introduce yourself and to ask for someone else’s name).***